	TEACHER LICENSURE AMENDMENTS
	2023 GENERAL SESSION
	STATE OF UTAH
	Chief Sponsor: Jefferson Moss
	Senate Sponsor:
LON	G TITLE
Gene	eral Description:
	This bill addresses changes in teacher licensure requirements.
High	lighted Provisions:
	This bill:
	 modifies legislative findings on teacher competency;
	 modifies rulemaking authority for the state board;
	 limits the delegation of authority regarding preparation programs; and
	 clarifies roles for local education agencies.
Mon	ey Appropriated in this Bill:
	None
Othe	r Special Clauses:
	None
Utah	Code Sections Affected:
AME	NDS:
	53E-6-103, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 186
	53E-6-301, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 285
	53E-6-302, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2022, Chapter 285
	53E-6-902, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2020, Chapter 408
	53G-11-509, as last amended by Laws of Utah 2019, Chapter 293



28	Be it enacted by the Legislature of the state of Utah:
29	Section 1. Section 53E-6-103 is amended to read:
30	53E-6-103. Legislative findings on teacher quality Declaration of education as a
31	profession.
32	(1) (a) The Legislature acknowledges that education is perhaps the most important
33	function of state and local governments, recognizing that the future success of our state and
34	nation depend in large part upon the existence of a responsible and educated citizenry.
35	(b) The Legislature further acknowledges that the primary responsibility for the
36	education of children within the state resides with their parents and that the role of state and
37	local governments is to support and assist parents in fulfilling that responsibility.
38	(2) (a) The Legislature finds that:
39	(i) quality teaching is the basic building block of successful schools and, outside of
40	home and family circumstances, the essential component of student achievement;
41	(ii) the high quality of teachers is absolutely essential to enhance student achievement
42	and to assure educational excellence in each classroom in the state's public schools; and
43	(iii) the implementation of a comprehensive continuum of data-driven strategies
44	regarding recruitment, preservice, licensure, induction, professional development, and
45	evaluation is essential if the state and its citizens expect every classroom to be staffed by a
46	skilled, caring, and effective teacher.
47	(b) In providing for the safe and effective performance of the function of educating
48	Utah's children, the Legislature further finds it to be of critical importance that education,
49	including instruction, administrative, and supervisory services, be recognized as a profession,
50	and that those who are licensed or seek to become licensed and to serve as educators:
51	(i) meet high standards both as to qualifications and fitness for service as educators
52	through quality recruitment and preservice programs [before assuming their responsibilities in
53	the schools] designed to provide opportunities to demonstrate competency in a school
54	classroom setting;
55	(ii) maintain those standards in the performance of their duties while holding licenses,
56	in large part through participating in induction and ongoing professional development
57	programs focused on instructional improvement;
58	(iii) receive fair, systematic evaluations of their performance at school for the purpose

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- of enhancing the quality of public education and student achievement; and
- 60 (iv) have access to a process for fair examination and review of allegations made 61 against them and for the administration of appropriate sanctions against those found, in 62 accordance with due process, to have failed to conduct themselves in a manner commensurate 63 with their authority and responsibility to provide appropriate professional services to the 64 children of the state.
 - Section 2. Section 53E-6-301 is amended to read:

53E-6-301. Qualifications of applicants for licenses -- Changes in qualifications.

- (1) As used in this section:
- (a) "Literacy preparation assessment" means an examination that evaluates an individual's knowledge of the science of reading, related to literacy instruction for an individual who teaches preschool, elementary school, or special education.
- (b) "Required literacy preparation assessment" means a literacy preparation assessment that the state board uses to determine the qualifications of license applicants.
- (2) The state board shall establish by rule made in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3. Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act[-]:
- (a) the scholarship, competencies, training, and experience required of license applicants[-]; and
- (b) the criteria and training for an individual who certifies a licensure candidate's demonstration of competencies.
 - (3) (a) The state board shall announce any increase in the requirements when made.
- (b) An increase in requirements shall become effective not less than one year from the date of the announcement.
- (4) The state board may determine by examination or otherwise the qualifications of license applicants.
- (5) If the state board uses a required literacy preparation assessment under Subsection 85 (4):
 - (a) (i) the state board shall make rules to allow an LEA to hire a license applicant who does not successfully pass the required literacy preparation assessment for a limited duration pending successful passage; and
 - (ii) the license applicant is not eligible for a professional educator license described in

90	Section 53E-6-201 until the license applicant successfully passes the required literacy
91	preparation assessment; and
92	(b) the state board may make rules in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah
93	Administrative Rulemaking Act, to:
94	(i) establish exemptions for the required literacy preparation assessment; and
95	(ii) develop a pathway to demonstrate early literacy competency as an exception to the
96	requirement to pass the required literacy preparation assessment.
97	Section 3. Section 53E-6-302 is amended to read:
98	53E-6-302. Educator preparation programs.
99	(1) As used in this section:
100	(a) "Educator preparation program" means:
101	(i) a university teacher education program; or
102	(ii) a program that prepares individuals using an alternative pathway to licensure, as the
103	state board provides, that does not include content or time requirements that conflict with the
104	content or time requirements described in rule made by the state board in accordance with
105	Subsection (2).
106	(b) "Required literacy preparation assessment" means the same as that term is defined
107	in Section 53E-6-301.
108	(c) "University teacher preparation program" means a program that an institution of
109	higher education offers to prepare educators for licensure.
110	(2) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
111	state board shall make rules that establish standards for approval of an educator preparation
112	program.
113	(3) The state board shall ensure that standards adopted under Subsection (2):
114	(a) meet or exceed generally recognized national standards for preparation of
115	educators; and
116	(b) include requirements for educator preparation programs to:
117	(i) provide instruction in the science of reading; and
118	(ii) prepare license applicants to pass the required literacy preparation assessment at no
119	cost to the applicants for the preparation, including providing ongoing preparation for up to
120	three total attempts of the required literacy preparation assessment.

121	(4) The state board shall designate an employee of the state board's staff to:
122	(a) work with education deans of state institutions of higher education to coordinate
123	university teacher preparation programs that may include:
124	(i) monitoring courses for university teacher preparation programs; and
125	(ii) working with course instructors for university teacher preparation programs;
126	(b) act as a liaison between:
127	(i) the state board;
128	(ii) local school boards or charter school governing boards; and
129	(iii) representatives of university teacher preparation programs; and
130	(c) report the employee's findings and recommendations for the improvement of
131	teacher preparation programs to:
132	(i) the state board; and
133	(ii) education deans of state institutions of higher education.
134	(5) The state board shall:
135	(a) in good faith, consider the findings and recommendations described in Subsection
136	(4)(c); and
137	(b) in accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act,
138	make rules, as the state board determines is necessary, to implement recommendations
139	described in Subsection (4)(c).
140	(6) Subject to legislative appropriations, the Utah Board of Higher Education shall:
141	(a) provide matching funds to each of the state's institutions of higher education with a
142	university teacher preparation program:
143	(i) to hire an additional faculty member who has training in the science of reading and
144	the science of reading instruction; and
145	(ii) in an amount equal to 75% of the cost of making the hire described in Subsection
146	(6)(a) if the institution provides 25% of the cost; and
147	(b) consult the state superintendent regarding:
148	(i) criteria for the hire described in Subsection (6)(a) that would qualify for a
149	distribution of funding; and
150	(ii) an individual institution's fulfillment of the criteria described in Subsection
151	(6)(b)(i) before distributing funding.

152	(7) An institution that hires an additional faculty member shall coordinate with the
153	science of reading panel described in Section 53E-3-1003 to include two members of the panel
154	in the institution's hiring process.
155	(8) The state board shall:
156	(a) monitor accreditation of university programs regarding the science of reading
157	preparation described in Subsection (3)(b) at the institutions described in Subsection (6)(a); and
158	(b) (i) develop strategies to provide support for preparation programs with low rates of
159	passage on the required literacy preparation assessment; and
160	(ii) provide increasing levels of support to a preparation program with low rates of
161	passage on the required literacy preparation assessment for two consecutive years.
162	Section 4. Section 53E-6-902 is amended to read:
163	53E-6-902. Teacher leaders.
164	(1) As used in this section, "teacher" means an educator who has an assignment to
165	teach in a classroom.
166	(2) There is created the role of a teacher leader to:
167	(a) work with a student teacher and a teacher who supervises a student teacher;
168	(b) assist with the training of a recently hired teacher; [and]
169	(c) support school-based professional learning[-]; and
170	(d) certify the demonstration of competencies for an applicant seeking licensure
171	through a preparation program.
172	(3) In accordance with Title 63G, Chapter 3, Utah Administrative Rulemaking Act, the
173	state board shall make rules that:
174	(a) define the role of a teacher leader, including the functions described in Subsection
175	(2); and
176	(b) establish the minimum criteria for a teacher to qualify as a teacher leader.
177	(4) The state board shall solicit recommendations from school districts and educators
178	regarding:
179	(a) appropriate resources to provide a teacher leader; and
180	(b) appropriate ways to compensate a teacher leader.
181	Section 5. Section 53G-11-509 is amended to read:
182	53G-11-509. Mentor for provisional educator.

- (1) In accordance with [Subsections] Section 53E-6-902, Subsection 53E-2-302(7), and Subsections 53E-6-103(2)(a) and (b), the principal or immediate supervisor of a provisional educator shall assign a person who has received training or will receive training in mentoring educators as a mentor to the provisional educator.
- (2) Where possible, the mentor shall be a career educator who performs substantially the same duties as the provisional educator and has at least three years of educational experience.
- (3) The mentor shall assist the provisional educator to become effective and competent in the teaching profession and school system, but may not serve as an evaluator of the provisional educator.
- (4) An educator who is assigned as a mentor may receive compensation for those services in addition to the educator's regular salary.